UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF MISSOURI EASTERN DIVISION

McBRIDE et al.,)	
Plaintiffs,)	
vs.) Case No. 4:05CV00878 E	RW
)	
MERCK & CO. et al.,)	
Defendants.)	

MEMORANDUM AND ORDER

This matter comes before the Court upon Defendant Merck's Motion to Stay [doc. #7].

I. BACKGROUND FACTS

This action concerns the prescription drug VIOXX, manufactured by Defendant Merck. On September 30, 2004, Defendant Merck announced that, in a clinical study known as APPROVe, there was an increased relative risk for confirmed cardiovascular events beginning after 18 months of treatment in patients taking VIOXX compared with those taking a placebo. Defendant Merck subsequently voluntarily withdrew VIOXX from the market. Thereafter, numerous suits were filed across the nation seeking some form of recovery for plaintiffs who had purchased and ingested VIOXX. On October 21, 2004, Defendant Merck filed a motion for coordinated pre-trial proceedings with the Judicial Panel on Multidistrict Litigation (the "MDL"), requesting that all of the VIOXX cases be coordinated in a single district court.

II. STANDARD OF REVIEW

A district court has the inherent power to stay its proceedings. This power is "incidental to

¹The APPROVe study was a prospective, randomized, placebo-controlled clinical trial designed to evaluate the efficacy of VIOXX 25 mg. in preventing recurrence of colorectal polyps in patients with a history of collerectal adenomas.

the power inherent in every court to control the disposition of the causes on its docket with economy of time and effort for itself, for counsel, and for litigants." *Landis v. North American Co.*, 299 U.S. 248, 254 (1936). This power requires a court to exercise its "judgment, which must weigh competing interests and maintain an even balance." *Id.* A court need not automatically stay a case merely because a party has moved the MDL for transfer and consolidation. *See Rivers v. Walt Disney*, 980 F.Supp. 1358, 1360 (C.D. Cal. 1997). In considering a motion for stay, a court should consider both the interest of judicial economy and the potential prejudice or hardship to the parties. *Id.*

III. DISCUSSION

In its Motion, Defendant Merck requests that the Court stay all proceedings in this action pending resolution of its motion currently before the MDL Panel for transfer of this case, and numerous other cases with certain overlapping factual issues and similar legal theories, to a single court for coordinated pretrial management. In support of its Motion, Defendant Merck argues that judicial economy mandates a stay because, without a stay, (1) much of the Court's work will be needlessly duplicated; and (2) Defendant Merck will be substantially prejudiced by duplicative discovery and motion practice. Plaintiffs oppose the Motion.

After considering the arguments made by the parties, the Court concludes that a stay is warranted. It appears likely that this case will be included in a future conditional transfer order. This case involves the same factual inquiries that are present in the other hundreds of VIOXX cases, including the alleged increased health risks of taking VIOXX and whether Merck knew of these increased risks and failed to disclose them to the medical community and consumers. The Court finds Defendant Merck's judicial economy argument persuasive and concludes that judicial economy weighs heavily in favor of granting the requested stay. The Court also considers the resulting prejudice to the parties. Defendant states that it will be prejudiced by duplicative discovery and

motion practice if the case is not stayed pending transfer to the MDL court. Plaintiffs argue that a

stay will prejudice them because it will delay their opportunity for recovery. The Court concludes

that, although Plaintiffs might well be subjected to some delay as a result of the issuance of a stay,

that prejudice does not outweigh the efficiency concerns described above. Indeed, all of the parties,

including Plaintiffs, will benefit from increased efficiency and coordinated pretrial case management.

Therefore, Defendant Merck's Motion will be granted.

Accordingly,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Defendant Merck's Motion to Stay [doc. #7] is

GRANTED.

Dated this 21st day of June, 2005.

E. RICHARD WEBBER

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

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